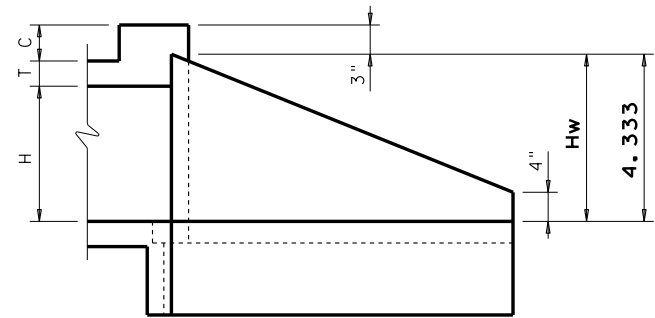
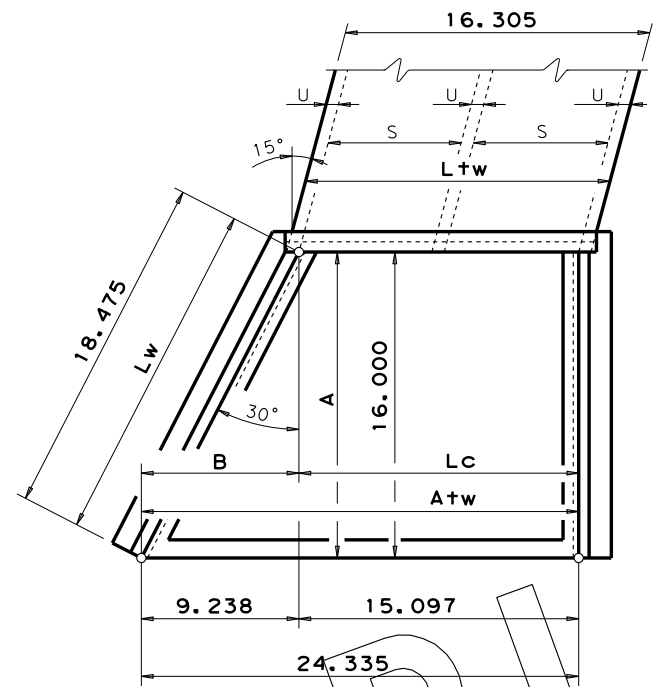


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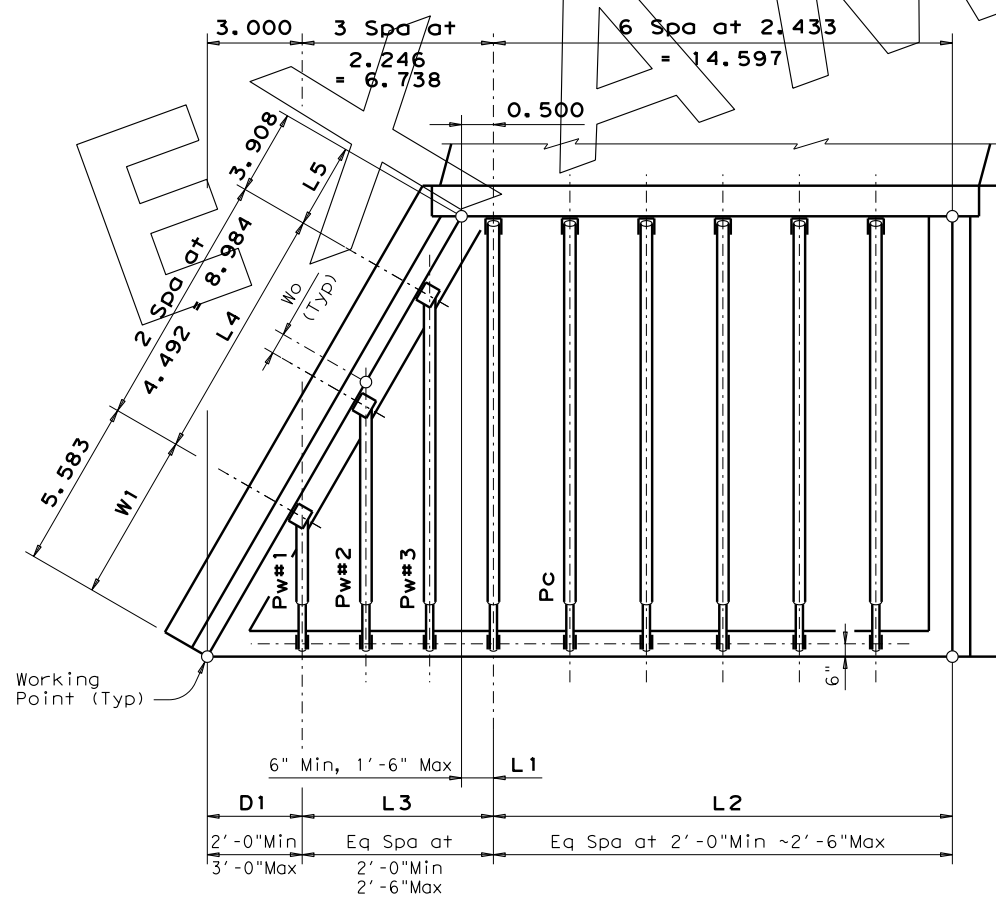
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**WINGWALL ELEVATION**



**FLARED END PLAN**



**PIPE RUNNER PLAN**

**CONCRETE DIMENSIONS:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 Hw &= H + T + C - 0.250 \\
 &= (3.000) + (0.583) + (1.000) - (0.250) \\
 &= \mathbf{4.333} \\
 A &= (Hw - 0.333) (SL) \\
 &= (4.333 - 0.333) (4) \\
 &= \mathbf{16.000} \\
 B &= (A) [\text{Tangent } (15^\circ + \theta)] \\
 &= (16.000) (\text{Tan } 30^\circ) \\
 &= \mathbf{9.238} \\
 Lw &= (A) \div [\text{Cosine } (15^\circ + \theta)] \\
 &= (16.000) \div (\text{Cosine } 30^\circ) \\
 &= \mathbf{18.475} \\
 Ltw &= [(N) (S) + (N+1) (U)] \div (\text{Cosine } 15^\circ) \\
 &= [(2) (7.000) + (2+1) (0.583)] \div (\text{Cosine } 15^\circ) \\
 &= \mathbf{16.305} \\
 Lc &= (Ltw) - (2U) \div (\text{Cosine } \theta) \\
 &= (16.305) - (2) (0.583) \div (\text{Cosine } 15^\circ) \\
 &= \mathbf{15.097} \\
 Atw &= (Lc) + (B) \\
 &= (15.097) + (9.238) \\
 &= \mathbf{24.335} \\
 \text{Long Wing Area} &= (Lw) (Hw - 0.333) (0.5) + (Lw) (0.333) \\
 &= (18.475) (4.333 - 0.333) (0.5) + (18.475) (0.333) \\
 &= \mathbf{43.102} \\
 \text{Short Wing Area} &= (A) (Hw - 0.333) (0.5) + (A) (0.333) \\
 &= (16.000) (4.333 - 0.333) (0.5) + (16.000) (0.333) \\
 &= \mathbf{37.328} \\
 \text{Total Wing Area} &= (\text{Long Wing Area}) + (\text{Short Wing Area}) \\
 &= (43.102) + (37.328) \\
 &= \mathbf{80.430} \text{ (S.F. } \sim 2 \text{ Wings)}
 \end{aligned}$$

**PIPE LOCATIONS & DIMENSIONS:**

Establish Pipe Runner Spacing  
Determine curb pipe spacing - Try:  
(Lc) - (0.500 min)  
= 14.597  
(14.597)  $\div$  (2.500 max)  
= 5.8 ~ 6 spaces  
Try 5 spaces:  
(2.500 spacing) (5 spaces)  
= 12.500  
(Lc) - (12.500)  
= (15.097) - (12.500)  
= 2.597  
Test: (1.500) > (2.597) > (0.500)  
= no, use 6 spaces & 0.500  
(14.597)  $\div$  (6 spaces)  
= 2.433  $\div$  space  
Determine wingwall pipe spacing - Try:  
(B) + (0.500) - (3.000 max outside space at toewall)  
= (9.238) + (0.500) - (3.000)  
= 6.738  
(6.738)  $\div$  (2.500 max)  
= 2.7 ~ 3 spaces  
(6.738)  $\div$  (3 spaces)  
= 2.246  $\div$  space  
Use:  
D1 = outside space at toewall = **3.000**  
L3 = runner spacing at wingwall = **3 spa at 2.246 = 6.738**  
L1 = outside space at curb = **0.500**  
L2 = runner spacing at curb = **6 spa at 2.433 = 14.597**  
W1 = (K3) (D1) - (Wo)  
= (2.000) (3.000) - (0.417)  
= **5.583**  
L4 = (L3 - one space) (K3)  
= (6.738 - 2.246) (2.000)  
= **8.984**  
Determine spacing:  
= (L4)  $\div$  (number of L3 spaces - one space)  
= (8.984)  $\div$  (3 - 1)  
= **2 spa at 4.492**  
L5 = (Lw) - (W1) - (L4)  
= (18.475) - (5.583) - (8.984)  
= **3.908**  
Establish Pipe Runner Lengths and Sizes  
Pw#1 shortest wing pipe runner = (D1) (K2) - (2.063 end of pipe clearance)  
= (3.000) (1.785) - (2.063)  
= **3.292**  
Test: (1.750 min sliding runner) < (3.292)  
= yes, use normal sliding runner for Pw#1  
Pw#3 longest wing pipe runner = (D1 + L3 - one L3 space) (K2) - (2.063)  
= (3.000 + 6.738 - 2.246) (1.785) - (2.063)  
= **11.310**  
Pc = (A) (K1) - (1.688 end of pipe clearance)  
= (16.000) (1.031) - (1.688)  
= **14.808**  
Test: (Pc) > (9.333 max length 3" Pipe Runner)  
= (14.808) > (9.333)  
= yes, do not use 3" Pipe Runner  
Test: (Pc) > (19.000 max length 4" Pipe Runner)  
= (14.808) > (19.000)  
= no, use **4" Upper Pipe Runner & 3" Anchor Pipe**

**BOX CULVERT PARAMETERS:**  
2 ~ 7' x 3' Multi-Box Culvert with 8' Fill,  
4:1 Slope, 15° Skew, and 1.000' Curb (C).  
From MC-7-10 Std: H = 3.000', T = 0.583',  
and U = 0.583'.

**DEFINITIONS:**  
 $\theta$  = Culvert Skew  
Hw = Wingwall height (at tallest point)  
H = Interior height of Culvert box  
T = Culvert Slab thickness  
C = Height of Curb above Top of top Slab  
A = Horizontal distance between face of Anchor  
Toewall and face of Culvert Curb  
SL:1 = Side Slope Ratio (Horizontal : 1 Vertical)  
SL:1 = Slope Angle  
3:1 = 18.4349°  
4:1 = 14.0362°  
5:1 = 9.4623°  
K = Constant values for use in formulas  
SL:1 K1 K2-15° Skew K2-30° Skew  
3:1 ~ 1.054 ~ 1.826 ~ 1.054  
4:1 ~ 1.031 ~ 1.785 ~ 1.031  
5:1 ~ 1.014 ~ 1.756 ~ 1.014  
Note: K1 = (1  $\div$  Cosine Slope Angle)  
K2 = (K1) [Tangent (75° -  $\theta$ )]  
K3 = 15° Skew ~ 2.000'  
30° Skew ~ 1.414'  
Note: K3 = 1/[Sine(Skew + 15°)]  
B = Horizontal offset of Tip of Wing from  
perpendicular  
Lw = Length of Wingwall (along bottom inside  
face of Wing)  
Atw = Anchor Toewall length (along outside face  
of toewall)  
N = Number of Culvert Spans  
S = Interior width of Culvert Span  
U = Thickness of Culvert Wall  
Ltw = Length of Culvert Curb  
Lc = Length of Culvert Curb between wings  
Wo = Wing Anchor Bracket Offset  
Wo = (3 1/2")  $\div$  [Tangent (Skew + 15°)] - (1")  
Skew Wo  
15° ~ 5"  
30° ~ 2 1/2"  
Pw = Length of Pipe Runner on Wingwall  
Pc = Length of Pipe Runner on Curb

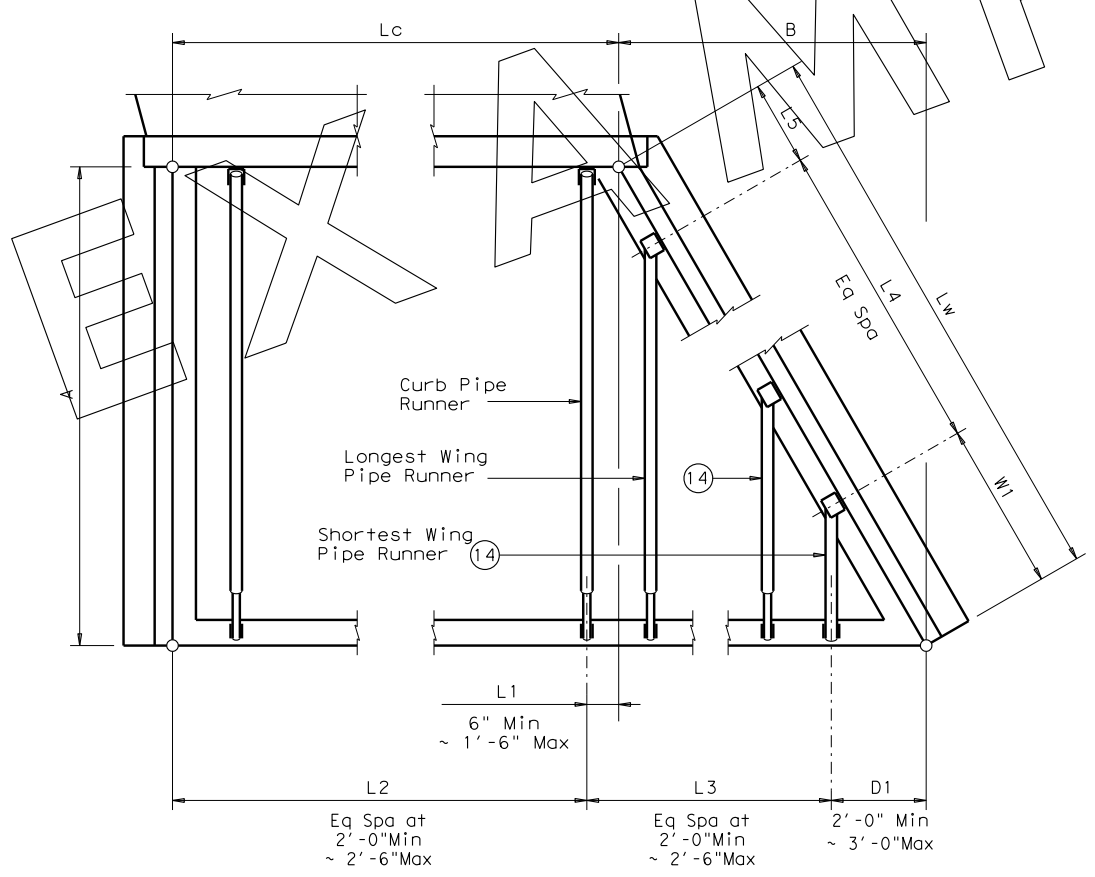
**NOT A STANDARD  
NOT FOR INCLUSION  
IN THE PLANS**

SHEET 1 OF 2

<p><b>EXAMPLE  CALCULATIONS FOR  SETB-FW-S STANDARD</b></p>			
FILE: exstd04.dgn	DN: GAF	CK: CAT	DW: JRP
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REVISIONS			
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.

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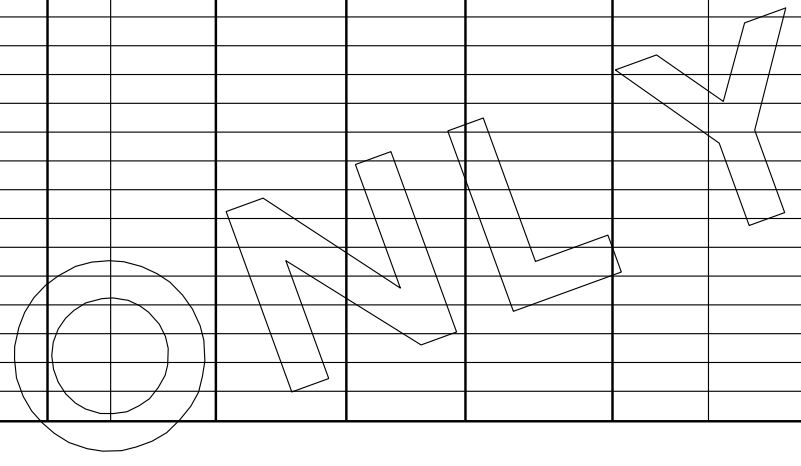
Culvert Station and/or Creek name followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both) (14)	Lc (Ft)	L1 (Ft)	L2		D1 (Ft)	L3		W1 (Ft)	L4		L5 (Ft)	Curb Pipe Runner (Pc)		Longest Wing Pipe Runner (Pw) (Ft)	Shortest Wing Pipe Runner (Pw) (Ft)	Non-Sliding Wing Pipe Runner (if applicable) (Ft)	Curb, Wing, and/or Non-Sliding Pipe Runners		3'-0" Anchor Pipe				
			No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)		Overall Length (Ft)	No. Spa		Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)		No.	Length (Ft)				Size (3", 4" or 5")	Total Length (16) (Ft)	Size (2", 3" or 4")	Total Length (16) (Ft)			
Shaggy's Creek (Both)	15.098'	0.500'	6	2.433'	14.598'	3.000'	3	2.246'	6.738'	5.583'	2	4.492'	8.983'	3.908'	6	14.813'	11.313'	3.292'	N/A	4"	221.563'	3"	54.000'
Sta 152+00 (Rt)	18.283'	0.500'	8	2.223'	17.783'	3.000'	4	2.250'	9.000'	4.034'	3	3.182'	9.545'	2.685'	8	10.438'	8.208'	3.479'	2.604'	4"	103.635'	3"	33.000'



**PIPE RUNNER LAYOUT**

Note: Left forward culvert skew shown, actual culvert skew may be opposite hand.

- (14) If the outermost Wing Pipe Runner is a Non-Sliding Pipe Runner, the next outermost Wing Pipe Runner shall be considered the Shortest.
- (15) Quantities shown are for one structure end if Lt or Rt. Quantities shown are for two structure ends if Both.



**SPECIAL NOTE:**

This tabular sheet is to be filled out by the culvert specifier and provides information for the construction details and quantities of Pipe Runners.

An Excel 97 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded from the Bridge Standards (English) web page on the TxDOT web site. The completed sheet shall be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed Professional Engineer.

Note that the tabular quantities are given for estimating purposes only. It is likely that these quantities will change due to field conditions. Therefore, all dimensions shall be verified by the Contractor in the field prior to fabrication of the Safety End Treatment components.



**EXAMPLE OF COMPLETED SHEET 3 OF 3 SETB-FW-S STANDARD**

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